# SAFETY DATA SHEET



# **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: Not available. : Gold ink

Other means of identification

**Chemical name** 

: Not available.

**Product type** 

**Product code** 

: Liquid.

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Ink.

Supplier's details : NCC Nano LLC dba NovaCentrix

400 Parker Drive, Suite 1110, Austin, TX 78728

Tel.: 512-491-9500 Fax: 512-491-0002

Email: info@novacentrix.com Website: www.novacentrix.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of operation)

: CHEMTEL 24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

N.A. Toll Free: 1-800-255-3924 International: 01-813-248-0585

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

**GHS** label elements

Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H320 - Causes eye irritation.

**Precautionary statements** 

: P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. **Prevention** 

: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Response

> Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337 + P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** Not applicable. **Disposal** : Not applicable. Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.





# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Chemical name : Gold ink
Other means of : Not available.
identification

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
2,2' -Oxybisethanol	5 - 15	111-46-6
Glycerol	0 - 2	56-81-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. If a generic chemical name is shown and/or the CAS number is not disclosed, the specific chemical identity has been withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20

minutes. If irritation persists, get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness





# Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

# See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

metal oxide/oxides

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

# Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up





# Section 6. Accidental release measures

# Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

# Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2,2' -Oxybisethanol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2020). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Glycerol	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust

# **Appropriate engineering** controls

**Environmental exposure** controls

- : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

# **Individual protection measures**





# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety evewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

**Skin protection** 

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Low viscosity.] Color : Brown to purple. Odor Mild solvent.

Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. pН : Not available. Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: Not available.

Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. **Flammability** : Not applicable. Lower and upper explosion

limit/flammability limit

: Not available.

: Not available. Vapor pressure Relative vapor density Not available. Relative density 1.4 to 2.1 Solubility : Not available.





# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Solubility in water : Miscible with water.

Miscible with water : Yes.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature

Not available.Not available.

**Decomposition temperature Viscosity** 

: Dynamic: 4 to 20 mPa·s (4 to 20 cP)

Flow time (ISO 2431)

Particle characteristics

: Not available.

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2,2' -Oxybisethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	11890 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	12000 mg/kg	-
Glycerol	LD50 Oral	Rat	12600 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2,2' -Oxybisethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	50 mg 500 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

# **Reproductive toxicity**





# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

There is no data available.

### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes eye irritation.

Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Numerical measures of toxicity

### **Acute toxicity estimates**





# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	(	Dermal (mg/kg)	(gases)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
	4610.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	500	11890	N/A	N/A	N/A
	12600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

# **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2,2' -Oxybisethanol	Acute LC50 75200000 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2,2' -Oxybisethanol	-1.98	100	low
Glycerol	-1.76	-	low

# **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

# **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.



# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**AERG**: Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-

[4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]- $\omega$ -hydroxy-

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

**Clean Air Act Section 112** 

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

### **SARA 302/304**

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

Composition/information on ingredients





# **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Name	%	Classification
2,2' -Oxybisethanol		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Glycerol

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Glycerol

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: 2,2' -Oxybisethanol; Glycerol

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### **International regulations**

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

# Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### **Inventory list**

United States (TSCA 8b) : All components are active or exempted.

# Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B	Calculation method

# **History**

Date of issue/Date of

: 10/30/2021

revision

Date of previous issue : Not applicable

Version : 1

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973





# **Section 16. Other information**

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

# Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

